

Meth Lab Litter

Methamphetamine is an extremely powerful and addictive Central Nervous System that can be made by addicts using locally obtained household products and pseudoephedrine (cold medicine).

Once the drug is "cooked" in plastic water or soda bottles, a waste sludge (often muddy to reddish brown with metal flakes) generated from the



process will remain in the bottle. The bottles are then discarded along the roadways and in public areas.

These discarded labs remain extremely dangerous and should not be handled. Do not attempt to handle or move a suspicious item. Call your local law enforcement agency.



Studies have shown that a "beautified" community translates into a safe and healthy community.



Programming funded by the ODNR—
Division of Recycling & Litter Prevention



Keep Ohio Beautiful

P. O. Box 13135
Fairlawn, OH 44334



Phone: 330-338-8328
E-mail: mmennett@keepohiobeautiful.org

LITTERING HURTS EVERYONE



**Littering Costs All
of Us...**

**On average, Ohio
spends \$4 million
each year picking
up nearly 400,000
bags of trash
from highways
and interchanges.**



Ohio Litter Laws

Littering Hurts Everyone

Under Ohio law, litter is any trash thrown, discarded or dropped by a person onto public property, private property not owned by the individual, or into Ohio's waterways. The **Ohio Revised Code** prohibits littering, regardless of whether or not it was intentional. Numerous laws prohibit littering and illegal dumping.

Littering is a serious offense, punishable by **fines of up to \$500 and 60 days in jail**. Keep Ohio Beautiful and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) is committed to keeping Ohio clean and beautiful.



Littering and Illegal Dumping - ORC 3767.32

Dumping waste, such as discarded trash, oil, appliances, scrap tires, furniture and other items, on private or public land and waterways is strictly prohibited by Ohio law. In addition to being unsightly, illegal dumps can pose health and safety hazards to people and wildlife. Ohioans must use licensed disposal facilities and insist that contracted waste haulers dispose of trash safely and legally. ORC 3767.32 also prohibits unauthorized persons from knowingly placing litter and household wastes in a private litter/trash receptacle, unless he or she has authorization to use the litter/trash receptacle or the waste materials were generated on the public property where the receptacle is located.

Unsecured Load - ORC 4513.31

This law requires vehicles transporting materials that could escape, leak or drop be designed to remain inside the vehicle at all times. In addition, vehicles loaded with garbage, solid waste or other unsanitary materials that are susceptible to blowing or bouncing out, cannot be driven unless their contents are sufficiently covered. Law enforcement officers do not have to witness the material falling from a vehicle in order to make an arrest. Exceptions to this law include farm vehicles transporting agricultural products and trash vehicles in the process of acquiring their loads.

Open Burning or Open Dumping - ORC 3734.03

No person shall dispose of solid wastes by open burning or open dumping, except as authorized by the director of environmental protection in rules adopted in accordance with division (V) of section 3734.01, section 3734.02, or sections 3734.70 to 3734.73 of the Revised Code and except for burying or burning the body of a dead animal as authorized by section 941.14 of the Revised Code. No person shall dispose of treated or untreated infectious wastes by open burning or open dumping. It is considered an unclassified felony, which is punishable by a fine of \$10,000 to \$25,000 and a jail sentence of two to four years.

Littering from a Motor Vehicle - ORC 4511.82

Littering from a motor vehicle can result in fines of up to \$100, depending upon the seriousness of the offense. For casual littering from motor vehicles, law enforcement officers can issue tickets, just as they do for other traffic violations. The driver of a motor vehicle can also be held responsible for litter discarded onto the roadway by passengers.

Littering from a Watercraft Vessel - ORC 1547.49

This law is similar to littering from a motor vehicle law. No operator or occupant of a vessel, regardless of intent, may discard or deposit litter in any Ohio waters. The operator of a watercraft vessel can also be held responsible for allowing litter to be dropped out of the vessel.

Prohibiting Polluting State Land or Water - ORC 1531-29

No person shall place or dispose of in any manner, any garbage, waste, peelings of vegetables or fruits, rubbish, ashes, cans, bottles, wire, paper, cartons, boxes, parts of automobiles, wagons, furniture, glass, oil, or anything else of an unsightly or unsanitary nature on any state owned, controlled, or administered land, or in any ditch, stream, river, lake, pond, or other watercourse, except those waters which do not combine or effect a junction with natural surface or underground waters, or upon the bank thereof where the same is liable to be washed into the water either by ordinary flow or floods. This section does not apply to any substance placed under authority of a permit issued under section 6111.04 of the Revised Code or exempted by such section from its terms.